School of Professor Brock





Standard

Reproduction in badgers

Adult badgers generally mate in Spring soon after the cubs are born BUT pregnancy doesn't start straight away. The fertilised egg (embryo) floats in the sow's uterus for up to 10 months. Only when the embryo implants in the wall of her uterus in December is she actually pregnant.

WHY do badgers use DELAYED IMPLANTATION?

Mating and birth can both take place in Spring when adults are fittest and when there is most food for cubs to find.



Only 40% of embryos implant successfully and 20-30% of those fail.

Cubs are 12cm long at birth, blind and with very little hair

Delayed implantation

Cubs are adult size by about 6 months but generally do not breed until at least 2 years old

Cubs emerge in April but still stay close to mum for a few months when foraging. She will continue to suckle if food is hard for the cubs to find

December

Embryo implants and pregnancy starts, lasting about 7 weeks

CUBS!

Cubs story to move around the before they emerge of

cubs are suckled under ground by their mothers for about

March

Cubs are born in chambers lined with bedding (vegetation) dragged in by the sow



To keep warm, cubs rely on heat from their mother's body and from the bedding, which acts like a radiator

